09/762527

PATENT COOPERATION TREATY

PCT



INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

(PCT Article 36 and Rule 70)

Applicant's or agent's file reference PF0576 PCT	FOR FURTHER ACTION	Preliminary Examination Report (Form			
International application No.	International filing date (day/1	ing date (day/month/year) Priority date (day/month/year)			
PCT/US99/17997 09 AUGUST 1999			10 AUGUST 1998		
International Patent Classification (IPC) or national classification and IPC Please See Supplemental Sheet.					
Applicant INCYTE PHARMACEUTICALS, INC	2.				
Examining Authority and is 2. This REPORT consists of a This report is also accombeen amended and are the	transmitted to the applicant total of sheets.	according to A ets of the descri	iption, claims and/or drawings which have rectifications made before this Authority.		
These annexes consist of a to			·		
3. This report contains indication	ns relating to the following ite	ems:			
I X Basis of the repo	rt				
II Priority					
III X Non-establishme	nt of report with regard to no	velty, inventiv	e step or industrial applicability		
IV Lack of unity of	invention				
V X Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability, citations and explanations supporting such statement					
VI Certain documents	cited	_			
VII Certain defects in the international application CORRECTED					
VIII Certain observation	s on the international applicati	-			
VERSION					
Date of submission of the demand	Date	of completion	of this report		
08 MARCH 2000 05 NOVEMBER 2000					
Name and mailing address of the IPEA Commissioner of Patents and Traden Box PCT Washington, D.C. 20231	narks	TIZED OFFICER ETER TUNG	Dudges for		
Facsimile No. (703) 305-3230	l eleg	ohone No. (7	03) 308-0196		



International application No.

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L	Basis of th	e report		
1. W	Vith regard to	the elements of the inter	national application:*	
_	_	mati nal application s		
	≓ ₄ ₃	ription:		
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	pages _	NONE		, filed with the demand
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_	pages _			
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г.	the seem	ence listing part of the	description:	
Ŀ			, description.	as originally filed
	pages _	NONE		filed with the demand
	pages —	NONE	, filed with the letter of	_ ,
	the langu	uage of a translation is	furnished for the purposes of international search (f the international application (under Rule 48.3(b)) mished for the purposes of international preliminary examples.	under Rule 23.1(b)).
	With regard	-	for amino acid sequence disclosed in the international ed out on the basis of the sequence listing:	al application, the international
L	x containe	d in the international	application in printed form.	
Г	x filed tog	ether with the interna	ational application in computer readable form.	
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L	→ internation	onal application as file		
L	The state been furn		on recorded in computer readable form is identical to the	e writen sequence listing has
4.	X The am	endments have resulte	ed in the cancellation of:	
	X _{th}	e description, pages_	NONE	
	X th	e claims, Nos.	NONE	•
		e drawings, sheets/fi	NONE	
5.	This rep	ort has been drawn as if	(some of) the amendments had not been made, since the	ey have been considered to go
			as indicated in the Supplemental Box (Rule 70.2(c)).**	_
i	Renlacement s	heets which have been fu	urnished to the receiving Office in response to an invitation and are not annexed to this report since they do not con	under Article 14 are referred to stain amendments (Rules 70.16
		nent sheet containing su	ich amendments must be referred to under item 1 and	annexed to this report.



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III. No	III. Non-establishm nt f pinion with regard to novelty, inventive step and industrial applicability					
1. The q	uestions whether the claimed invention appears to be novel, to involve an inventive step (to be non obvious), or to be rially applicable have not been and will not be examined in respect of:					
	the entire international application.					
x	claims Nos. <u>17,18</u>					
	because:					
	the said international application, or the said claim Nos. relate to the following subject matter which does not require international preliminary examination (specify).					
	the description, claims or drawings (indicate particular elements below) or said claims Nos. are so					
	unclear that no meaningful opinion could be formed (specify).					
•						
· .						
П	the claims, or said claims Nos are so inadequately supported by the description that no meaningful					
	opinion could be formed.					
X	no international search report has been established for said claims Nos. 17,18.					
2. A meaningful international preliminary examination cannot be carried out due to the failure of the nucleotide and/or amino acid						
seque	nce listing to comply with the standard provided for in Annex C of the Administrative Instructions:					
	the written form has not been furnished or does not comply with the standard.					
	the computer readable form has not been furnished or does not comply with the standard.					



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V. Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard t	novelty, inventive st p	r industrial applicability;
citati ns and xplanations supp rting such statement		

1. statement			
Novelty (N)	Claims	7,8,12-16,19,20	YES
,	Claims	1-6, 9-11,	NO
Inventive Step (IS)	Claims	19,20	YES
	Claims	1-16	NO
To be shall a solice billion (TA)	Claims	1-16, 19,20	YES
Industrial Applicability (IA)	Claims	NONE	NO NO

2. citations and explanations (Rule 70.7)

Claims 1-3 lack novelty under PCT Article 33(2) as being anticipated by Murray et al. Murray et al. teach a polypeptide identical to SEQ ID NO: 2 except for the first three amino acids. Claims 1-3 are therefor anticipated by Murray et al.

Claims 4-6 and 9-11 lack novelty under PCT Article 35(2) as being anticipated by Taniguchi et al. Taniguchi et al. teach a polynucleotide which is at least 70% identical to the coding region of SEQ ID NO: 4. This polynucleotide also comprises a fragment of SEQ ID NO: 4 and polynucleotides complementary to SEQ ID NO: 4, which is that of the instant claims.

Claims 7 and 8 lack an inventive step under PCT Article 33(3) as being obvious over Murray et al. The teachings of Murray et al. have been discussed supra. Murray et al. also teach the polynucleotide which encodes SEQ ID NO: 2 Murray et al. do not teach a method of detecting the polynucleotide encoding SEQ ID NO: 2. It would have been prima facie obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to detect SEQ ID NO: 4 by using a polynucleotide complementary to SEQ ID NO: 4 by hybridization and using methods of amplification prior to hybridization to detect SEQ ID NO: 4 for the benefit of detecting DNA which encodes a protein involved in the developing nervous system as taught by Murray et al. One of ordinary skill in the art is motivated to do this as hybridization and amplification methods are well known in the art and used to study protein expression. Therefore the invention as a whole would have been prima facie obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention.

Claims 12-14 lack an inventive step under PCT Article 35(3) as being obvious over Murray et al. The teachings of Murray et al. have been discussed supra. Murray et al. also teach the polynucleotide which encodes a fragment of SEQ ID NO: 2 Murray et al. do not teach an expression vector comprising said polynucleotide sequence, a host comprising said vector or a method of making said protein. It would have been prima facie obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the (Continued on Supplemental Sheet.)



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(To be used when the space in any of the preceding boxes is not sufficient)

Continuation of: Boxes I - VIII

Sheet 10

CLASSIFICATION:

The International Patent Classification (IPC) and/or the National classification are as listed below:

IPC(7): C12N 15/12; C07K 14/705, 16/28; A61K 38/17; C12Q 1/68 and US Cl.: 530/350, 387.1; 435/ 6,320.1, 69.1, 325; 536/ 23.1; 514/2

V. 2. REASONED STATEMENTS - CITATIONS AND EXPLANATIONS (Continued):

invention to produce the polypeptide taught by Murray et al. for the benefit of producing large amounts of protein. One of ordinary skill in the art is motivated to do this as this would allow characterizing a protein whose function is not known. Expression vectors, transforming host cells and expressing proteins from the vectors comprising a heterologous sequence is well known in the art.

Therefore the invention as a whole would have been prima facie obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention.

Claims 15 and 16 lack an inventive step under PCT Article 33(3) as being obvious over Murray et al. The teachings of Murray et al. have been discussed supra. Murray et al. do not teach antibodies against the protein of SEQ ID NO: 2. It would have been prima facie obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to produce antibodies against the polypeptide fragment of SEQ ID NO: 2 as taught by Murray et al. One of ordinary skill in the art is motivated to do this as this would allow characterizing a protein whose function is not known. For the production of antibodies, the fragment of SEQ ID NO: 2 would be used in a pharmaceutical composition. Therefore the invention as a whole would have been prima facie obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention.

Claims 19 and 20 meet the criteria set out in PCT Article 33(2)-(3), because the prior art does not teach or fairly suggest a method of treating or preventing a disorder associated with EXADH.

Claims 1-16 and 19-20 meet the criteria set out in PCT Article 33(4) for industrial applicability.

Applicants argue that the present application to be fully in compliance with PCT articles and Rules.

Applicants arguments are insufficient to overcome the instant objections. The objections under PCT Article 33(2) and 33(3) are maintained.

	NEW	CITATIONS	
NONE			